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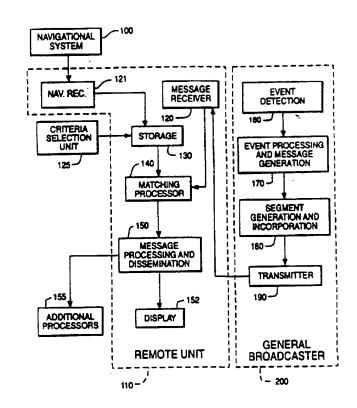
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(54) Title: LOCATION BASED SELECTIVE DISTRIBUTION OF GENERALLY BROADCAST INFORMATION

(57) Abstract

A system for determining whether information broadcast by a general transmitter is relevant to a particular user based on the location, velocity and/or time of an object of interest includes a remote terminal (110), a general broadcasting unit (200), a transmitter (190) at the general broadcasting unit for broadcasting messages including a segment comprising a region, a velocity and/or a time corresponding to an event, as well as an event specific tag, and storage (130) for storing selection criteria including current position, time and/or velocity information of the use and/or manually entered data of interest. The selection criteria may also include event specific tags. The receiver (120) at the remote terminal (110) receives the messages from the transmitter (190) at the general broadcasting unit (200). A navigational receiver (121) may also be used to acquire navigational information from an appropriate external source. A matching processor (140) at the remote terminal (110) evaluates the segment in the messages, determines if the segment sufficiently matched the stored election criteria and outputs a match signal. A processor (150) in the remote unit (110) receives the match signal, and processes and disseminates the message in accordance with the match signal.



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LOCATION BASED SELECTIVE DISTRIBUTION OF GENERALLY BROADCAST INFORMATION

Background of the Invention

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Currently, region-specific information is predetermined point-to-point disseminated by communication or by general broadcast which must be manually monitored in order to extract information peculiar to a position, velocity and time of interest. For example, marine weather data is continuously broadcast. However, mariners must monitor the broadcast for long periods of time in order to obtain the information peculiar to their region. Even then, the exact region affected may require computation or may be ambiguously defined. There is also the possibility that the user may miss information of interest because he or she occupies an unknown location, is unfamiliar with the region, or uses a different frame of reference, among other reasons.

Another example is tactical ballistic missile (TBM) warning, which is derived from space and ground based sensor data, and is provided through a variety of broadcast and general purpose communications systems to a small subset of in-theater forces. Currently, such warning requires transportable processing stations that can generate information about specific situations in the field but cannot

directly communicate with all individuals affected. The timeliness, reliability, and dispersion of information under these conditions are of concern. Because warning is in the form of geographical coordinates and time of predicted impact, users must interpret the data to determine if the warning affects them.

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Some current commercial systems are using GPS information to select relevant data from computer based files such as appropriate electronically stored maps for use in automobiles. These are useful for relatively static information but fail to address dynamic environmental or combat factors.

- U.S. Patent No. 5,243,652 to Teare et al. discloses a database access system in which each mobile user has a positioning system which transmits position information to a central facility. This central facility then grants or denies database access depending on the geographical location of the mobile user.
 - U.S. Patent No. 4,860,352 to Laurance et al. discloses a system in which a satellite system determines the position of a transmitter at a first location and a receiver at a second location. The transmitter position is appended to the received message which is sent by the satellite system to the

receiver. The receiver receives the appended message, extracts the transmitter position data and compares the extracted transmitter position with a stored transmitter position. If the positions correlate, the receiver knows it has received an authentic message.

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None of these devices allow for automated receiver discrimination of any message broadcast generally in order to only disseminate relevant messages.

Summary of the Invention

It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a system which is capable of determining whether information broadcast by a general (whether global, regional or local) transmitter is relevant to a particular user based on the location, velocity and/or position of an object of interest.

In accordance with the present invention, these and other objects are achieved by providing a communication system including a remote terminal, a general broadcasting unit, a transmitter at the general broadcasting unit for broadcasting messages including a segment comprising a region, a velocity and/or a time, a receiver at the remote terminal for receiving messages from the transmitter, and a storage for storing data selection criteria. A navigational

receiver may receive current position, velocity, and/or time information for that remote terminal to be stored as data selection criteria. Data selection criteria may also be manually entered into the The segment may further include an event storage. specific tag. Event specific tags may be stored in the storage in response to manual input and/or be predetermined and stored in the matching processor. A matching processor at the remote terminal evaluates the segment in the messages, determines if the stored data selection criteria satisfies a match condition to the segment, and outputs a match signal. A message processor in the remote unit receives the match signal, and, when the match signal indicates it is appropriate for the remote unit to receive the message, processes and disseminates the message in accordance with the match signal.

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Other objects, features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following description of the preferred embodiments.

Brief Description of the Drawing

The invention will be described below in further detail with reference to the accompanying drawings wherein Fig. 1 is a block diagram of a system according to the present invention.

Detailed Description of the Invention

The present invention is directed to a system to particular determines whether access which transmitted by a broadcaster information appropriate for a particular unit remote from the broadcaster. The invention is particularly useful for implementing an addressing distribution system of situation awareness information. The present invention can use satellite provided services, such as the Global Positioning System (GPS), to acquire data and establish user relevance based on current location in real time.

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awareness encompasses timely Situation understanding of factors within the operational environment which might affect the manner in which the user proceeds. Some specific examples of functions that could be supported are: 1) warning user of impending tactical ballistic missile (TBM) attack, 2) informing combatant of local friend/foe positions, 3) advising user on occurrence of Nuclear/ Biological/Chemical (NBC) events, 4) disseminating terrestrial conditions such as impassable mud, flood, fire or snowpack, 5) alerting police unit of nearby robbery in progress, 6) advising users mariners) of severe weather conditions, 7) providing pilots with airport information, and 8) supplying

motorists with information such as location of other vehicles in motion, accidents, areas under repair or blocked, etc. Information might also include appropriate situation-specific actions the user might take.

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capability can be implemented on hardware platform that interfaces with a global or navigation system or positioning positioning/navigational inputs, and provides worldwide communications connectivity with the sources of the situation alert bulletins. Remote units that receive, process, and display or operate on the information can be mobile, situation awareness transportable, or stationary.

The system of the present invention is shown in Figure 1. The navigational system 100 may be, for example, Loran or GPS, or any other source of navigational information, e.g., position, velocity or time. The present invention may operate with either periodic or continuous information delivery systems.

The general broadcaster 200 may include an event detection unit 160 which detects an event. Examples of events to be detected with a suitable detection unit 160 include weather, enemy activity, criminal activity. Detection unit 160 may detect the event directly itself or may receive a detection signal from

an external source. Once detection unit 160 detects event, it outputs information to an processing and message generation unit 170. Message unit 170 outputs a message generated in response to the event detection output of detection unit 160 to a segment generation and incorporation unit Incorporation unit 180 then defines a position, a velocity and a time of effectiveness for a particular message based, e.g., on a projected history of the event, and incorporates this information as a segment in the message. For time critical applications, the time of effectiveness may be set to the same universal clock unit used in positioning system 100. The segment may also advantageously include an event specific tag which indicates the type of event detected. This segment may be, for example, a header or a footer on the message. The message containing the segment is then transmitted by a transmitter 190.

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The remote unit 110 includes a navigational receiver 121 for receiving various information including navigational information from navigating system 100. A storage unit 130 stores position, velocity and/or time information acquired from navigating system 100 by navigational receiver 121 and/or other selection criteria inputs from manual input unit 125. The selection criteria input may

include other positions, velocities and/or times to increase the amount of information disseminated, as well as event specific tags to customize and reduce the amount of information disseminated. This information provides the basis for defining matching conditions of interest to the user of remote unit 110. It will be appreciated that there may be a plurality of remote units 110, all receiving information from positioning system 100 and broadcaster 200.

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Receiver 120 receives messages transmitted by broadcaster 200. It should be noted that for some applications, the navigation system 100 may serve as this general broadcaster. In case. navigational receiver 121 serves as the receiver. Receiver 120 then outputs this message to a matching processor 140. Matching processor compares the information contained in the segment of the message to the information stored in storage 130. position, velocity and/or Ιf the stored information are within matching conditions of the position, velocity and/or time information for the segment of the transmitted message, then the message processing and dissemination unit 150 will process and disseminate the information in the message. matching conditions typically consist appropriate position and time window such that exact

correlation is not required. Further, information at other regions of interest may be processed by storing additional times, velocities and/or positions, e.g., time, velocity and/or position information based on a projected trajectory of remote unit 110 or based on other remote unit of interest. Additionally, matching processor 140 may compare any event specific tags included in the segment with any event specific tags either stored or matching processor 140 and/or input at criteria selection unit 125 and only allow messages having appropriate event specific tags to be processed and disseminated by unit 150.

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Generally, the correlating requirement is a set of user-specified radial distance to the event, whether the user is heading toward or away from an event area, whether the event is past, present, or future relative to the user and the duration of the Alternatively, the matching processor 140 event. could contain the criteria for predefined event types, with appropriate segments, being generated by unit 180 Specific examples of in general broadcaster 200. matching conditions would include whether a combatant was within the circular error probable (CEP) range of an impacting ballistic missile; remote user was within the path of a severe thunderstorm, NBC cloud, flash flood, or forest fire; or the path of the remote user

would intersect any of these events in the near future based on their respective velocities.

Dissemination may include audio, tactile or visual alarm or display, or any combination thereof, in display unit 152 and may be provided to one or more users. Dissemination may also include further processing at the processing unit 150 or at additional processing devices 155.

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Although the present invention has been described above relative to exemplary preferred embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that variations and modifications can be effected in these embodiments without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention as defined in the claims which follow.

What Is Claimed Is:

- 1. A communication system comprising:
- a general broadcasting unit comprising
- a message generating means for generating a message,
- a segment generating means for generating a segment comprising at least one of a region, a velocity and a time, for incorporating said segment into said generated message, and for outputting an incorporated message, said generated message and said generated segment, and
- a transmitter broadcasting said incorporated message;
 - a remote unit comprising
- a receiver for receiving said incorporated message from said transmitter at said general broadcasting unit,
- a storing means for storing data selection information,
- a matching processor for evaluating said segment in said incorporated message, for determining if said data selection information of said remote terminal satisfies a match condition to said segment, and for outputting a match signal, and

a disseminating means, which receives said match signal, for processing and disseminating said message in accordance with said match signal.

- 2. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein said remote unit is mobile.
- 3. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein said remote unit is transportable.
- 4. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein said remote unit is fixed.
- 5. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein said segment generating means incorporates said segment as a header on said message.
- 6. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein said data selection information comprises current position, velocity and time information of said remote unit.
- 7. The system as recited in claim 6, further comprising a navigational information receiver receiving said current position, velocity and time information from a global navigational system.

8. The system as recited in Claim 1, wherein said segment further includes an event specific tag.

- 9. The system as recited in Claim 8, wherein said matching processor includes predetermined, stored event specific tags.
- 10. The system as recited in Claim 1, further comprising means for manually entering at least one of position, velocity, time and event specific information into said storing means.
- 11. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein said disseminating means includes a means for displaying said messages.
- 12. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein said disseminating means includes an alarm.
- 13. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein said data selection information comprises position, velocity and time information of objects of interest remote from said remote unit.

14. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein said data selection information comprises a location remote from said remote unit.

- 15. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein said message generating means further comprises a detecting means for detecting an event and generating a message in response to said event.
- 16. A method of providing selection at a remote unit of generally broadcast messages from a broadcaster, comprising the steps of:

transmitting from said broadcaster a message including a segment comprising at least one of a position, a velocity, and a time;

storing data selection criteria at said remote unit;

receiving at said remote unit said transmitted messages;

comparing said segment in said transmitted message to said stored data selection criteria;

determining from said comparing step the occurrence of a match condition; and

disseminating said message at said remote unit upon occurrence of said match condition.

17. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein said disseminating step includes displaying said messages.

- 18. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein said disseminating step includes activating an aural alarm.
- 19. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein said disseminating step includes activating a tactile alarm.
- 20. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein said disseminating step includes activating a visual alarm.
- 21. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein said disseminating step includes activating another device.
- 22. The method as recited in claim 16, which, prior to said transmitting step, further comprises the steps of:

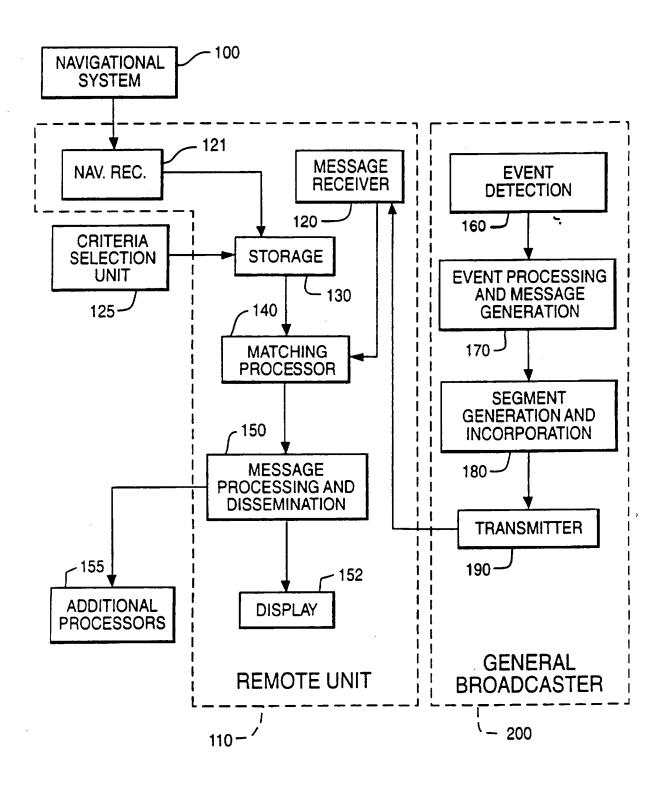
detecting an event;

generating an event message in response to said event;

generating a segment defining at least one of a region, a velocity and a time; and

incorporating said segment into said event message to form said message.

- 23. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein said storing data selection criteria step comprises manually entering at least one of position, velocity, time and event specific information.
- 24. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein said storing data selection criteria step comprises receiving current position, velocity and time information of said remote unit.
- 25. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein said transmitted messages received at said remote unit when transmitted from more than one broadcaster.
- 26. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein said storing step comprises a plurality of data selection criteria and said comparing step comprises comparing said segment of said plurality of data selection criteria.



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US95/10170

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(6) :HO4L 27/00, G08G 1/23								
US CL: 375/37; 340/993 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC								
B. FIELDS SEARCHED								
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)								
U.S. : 375/259, 340, 345; 340/993, 989, 988; 370/92, 85.1; 342/457; 364/449								
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched NONE								
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) APS								
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT								
Category* Citation of document, v	with indication, where appropri	ate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.					
X US, A, 5,095,532 36 - col.4, line 19		RCH 1992, col. 2, line	1-6,8-11,13 - 1 4 , 1 6 - 1 7 , 19,23-26					
			7,12,18,20-21.					
Y US, A, 4,097,695 30 - col.6, line 34	1-14, 16-21, 23-26.							
A US, A, 5,311,19 ³ abstract.	US, A, 5,311,197 (SORDEN ET AL) 10 May 1994, see abstract.							
A US, A, 4,627,052 abstract.	US, A, 4,627,052 (HOARE ET AL) 2 December 1986, see abstract.							
Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.								
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